Exercise MD-101

Deriving demand from willingness to pay

The Economic Skills Project

1 Problem

Problem

Given the equation below for individual i's willingness to pay, derive the corresponding individual demand curve $Q_i(P^d)$.

Equation
$$WTP_i = 400 - 2Q_i$$

2 Answer

Answer

Here's the solution:

•
$$Q_i = 200 - \frac{1}{2}P^d$$

3 Method

Solution method

Here's one approach:

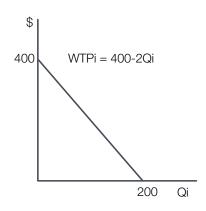
- 1. Draw the graph
- 2. Use the choice rule for buyers
- 3. Solve for Q_i
- 4. Check the result

4 Solution

4.1 Step 1

Draw the graph

Here's how it looks:



4.2 Step 2

Use the choice rule for buyers

Buyer i facing price P^{d} chooses Q_{i} where:

$$\bullet \ WTP_{\mathfrak{i}}=P^d$$

Thus we have two equations and three variables:

1.
$$WTP_i = 400 - 2Q_i$$

$$2. \ WTP_{\mathfrak{i}}=P^d$$

By combining the equations we can derive a single equation giving $Q_{\mathfrak{i}}$ in terms of $P^{d}.$

2

4.3 Step 3

Solving for $Q_{\mathfrak{i}}$

Using the decision rule (equation 2) to eliminate WTP $_i$ from the WTP equation (equation 1) and then solving for Q_i :

- $\bullet \ P^d = WTP_i = 400 2Q_i$
- $\bullet \ P^d = 400 2Q_i$
- $\bullet \ 2Q_i = 400 P^d$
- $Q_i = 200 \frac{1}{2}P^d$

4.4 Step 4

Checking the result

The demand curve should have the same intercepts as the WTP curve. Checking:

$$P^d = 0$$
: $Q_i = 200 - \frac{1}{2}(0) = 200$

$$P^d = 400$$
: $Q_i = 200 - \frac{1}{2}(400) = 0$

Everything checks - done!