Exercise MT-101

Computing an equilibrium quantity with a tax

The Economic Skills Project

1 Problem

Problem

Given the willingness to pay and willingness to accept curves below, compute the equilibrium quantity when a tax of \$20 per unit is imposed.

- WTP = 200 Q
- WTA = $60 + \frac{1}{2}Q$

2 Answer

Answer

Here's the solution:

• Q = 80

3 Method

Solution method

Here's one approach:

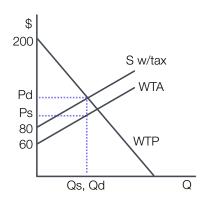
- 1. Draw the graph.
- 2. Solve for the demand and supply equations.
- 3. Solve for the equilibrium Q using $P^d = P^s + T$.
- 4. Check the result.

4 Solution

4.1 Step 1

Draw the graph

Here's how it looks:



4.2 Step 2

Solve for the demand and supply equations

Solving for demand, Q^d , as a function of the buyer price P^d :

- ullet WTP = 200 Q $^{\mathrm{d}}$ and WTP = P $^{\mathrm{d}}$ means P $^{\mathrm{d}}$ = 200 Q $^{\mathrm{d}}$
- $\bullet \ Q^d = 200 P^d$

Solving for supply, Q^s, as a function of the seller price P^s:

- WTA = $60 + \frac{1}{2}Q^s$ and WTA = P^s means $P^s = 60 + \frac{1}{2}Q^s$
- $\bullet \ \frac{1}{2}Q^s = P^s 60$
- $Q^s = 2P^s 120$

4.3 Step 3

Solve for the equilibrium Q using $P^{d}=P^{s}+T$

The equilibrium has $Q^d = Q^s$ and $P^d = P^s + T$. Using those two equations and setting T = \$20:

- $\bullet \ Q^d = Q^s$
- $200 P^d = 2P^s 120$
- $P^d = P^s + T$
- $200 (P^s + T) = 2P^s 120$
- $300 P^s 20 = 2P^s 120$
- $300 = 3P^s$
- $P^s = 100$
- $Q^s = 2P^s 120 = 2 \cdot 100 120$
- $Q^s = 80$

4.4 Step 5

Check the result

To check the result, calculate $Q^{\rm d}$ using the demand equation. It should be exactly equal to $Q^{\rm s}$.

- Solving for Pd:
- $\bullet \ P^d = P^s + T = \$100 + \$20 = \120
- $\bullet \ Q^d = 200 P^d$
- $Q^d = 200 120 = 80$

Everything checks - done!