

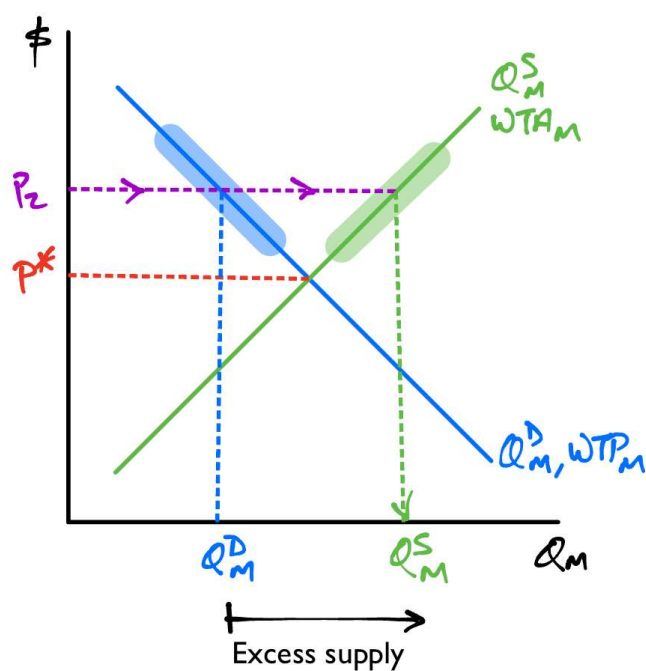
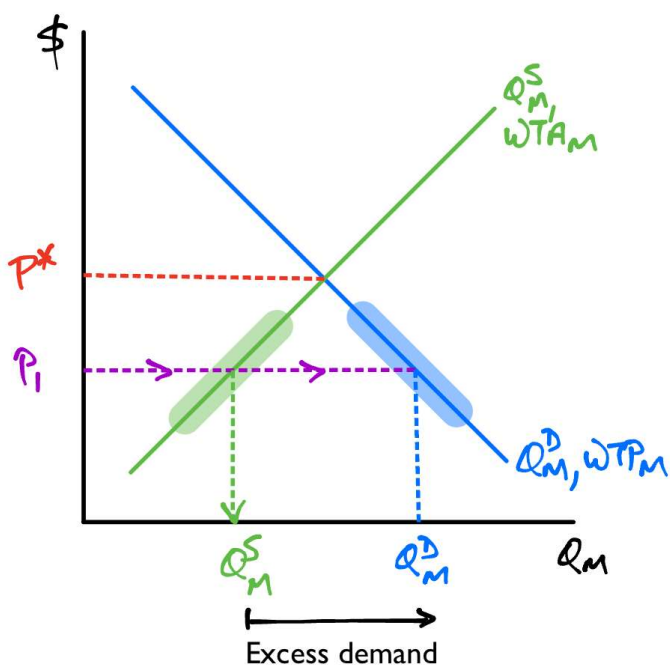
Properties of the Market Equilibrium

(1) At price P^* where $Q_M^D = Q_M^S$

At all other prices $Q_M^D \neq Q_M^S$

$$P_1 < P^*$$

$$P_2 > P^*$$

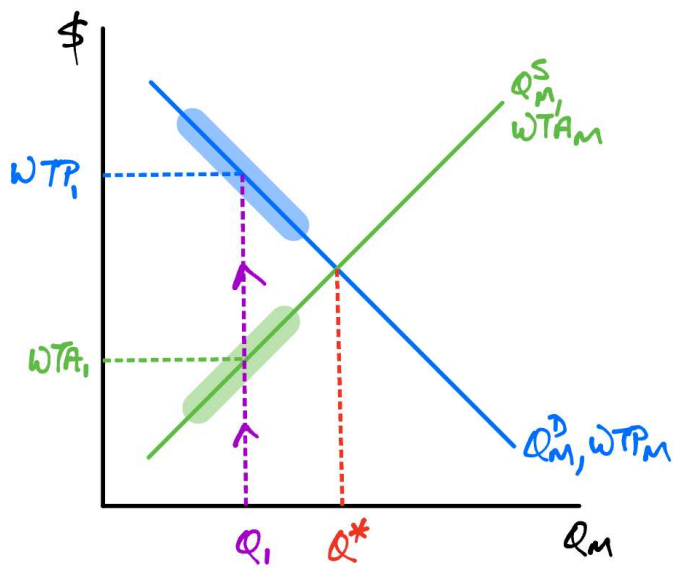


(2) At quantity Q^* where $WTP_M = WTA_M$

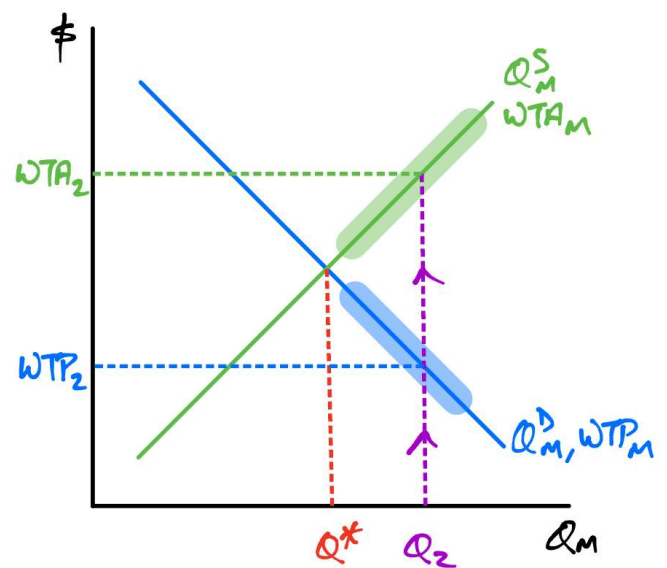
All other Q 's have $WTP_M \neq WTA_M$

$$Q_1 < Q^*$$

$$Q_2 > Q^*$$



$WTP > WTA$



$WTA > WTP$

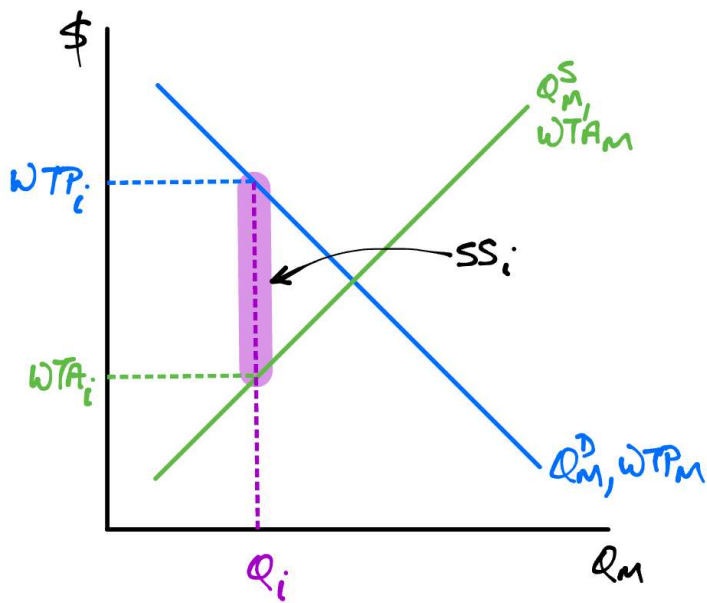
(3) Generates maximum possible gains from trade

Gain on trade of unit Q_i :

$$SS_i = CS_i + PS_i$$

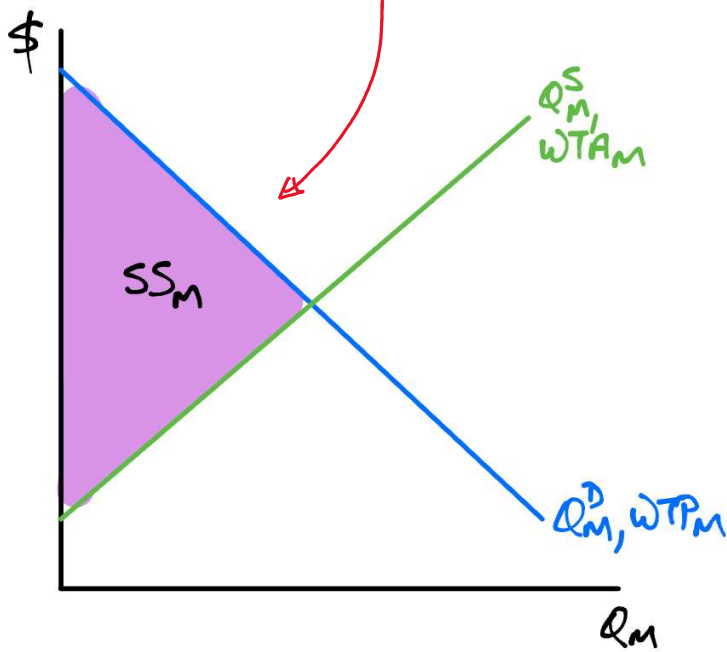
$$SS_i = (WTP_i - P) + (P - WTA_i)$$

$$SS_i = WTP_i - WTA_i$$

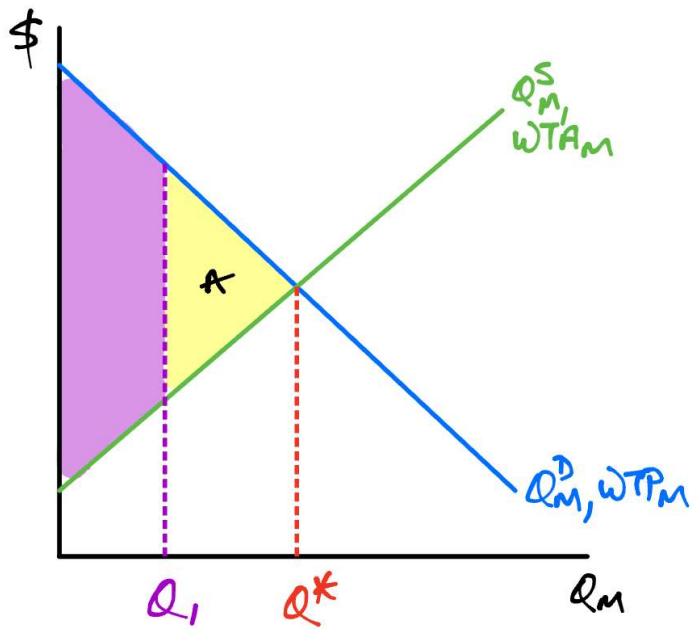


Total gain on Q^* units:

$$SS_M = \sum_{i=1}^{Q^*} SS_i$$



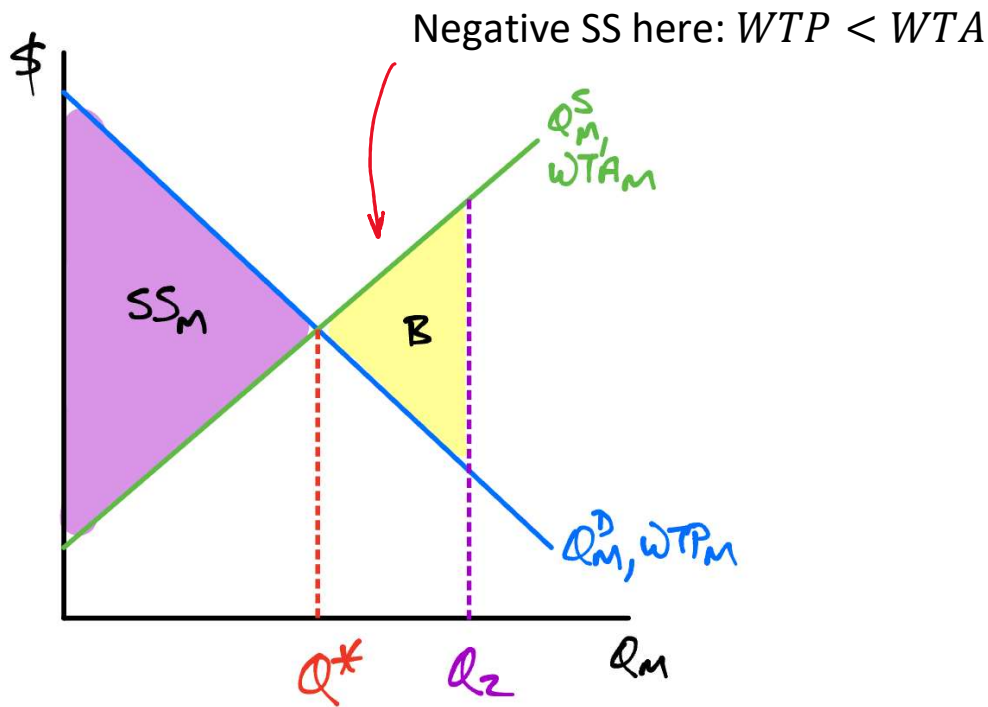
SS_M smaller if stop at $Q_1 < Q^*$



A = gains foregone by stopping at Q_1

Missed SS is called **deadweight loss (DWL)**

SS_M also smaller if $Q_2 > Q^*$



B = loss from going beyond Q^*

Also missed SS, so **also DWL**

Maximum possible gains at Q^* :

- **All** trades occur where $WTP > WTA$
- **No** trades occur where $WTP < WTA$
- **No DWL**

(4) Is Pareto efficient

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